

Algebraic Topology: Problem Set 1

Due: Friday, November 6.

PROBLEM 1. Let I be a small (index) category and let \mathcal{C} be a category in which all small colimits exist. Show that for every diagram

$$\mathcal{X}: I \rightarrow \mathcal{C},$$

the following diagram is a coequalizer.

$$\coprod_{\alpha: i \rightarrow i'} \mathcal{X}(i) \xrightarrow{\begin{smallmatrix} f \\ g \end{smallmatrix}} \coprod_i \mathcal{X}(i) \xrightarrow{h} \operatorname{colim}_I \mathcal{X}$$

Here the left-hand coproduct is indexed by the set of all morphisms $\alpha: i \rightarrow i'$ in I and the middle coproduct is indexed by the set of all objects i in I . The three morphisms f , g , and h are defined by as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} f \circ \operatorname{in}_{\alpha: i \rightarrow i'} &= \operatorname{in}_i \\ g \circ \operatorname{in}_{\alpha: i \rightarrow i'} &= \operatorname{in}_{i'} \circ X(\alpha) \\ h \circ \operatorname{in}_i &= \operatorname{in}_i \end{aligned}$$

(Hint: Let X be the coequalizer of the morphisms f and g . Show that X satisfies the defining properties (i) and (ii) of the colimit.)

PROBLEM 2. Let I be a small category, Sets be the category of sets, and $\operatorname{Sets}^{I^{\text{op}}}$ the category whose objects are functors $\mathcal{X}: I^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$ and whose morphisms are natural transformations.

(i) Show that for every functor $\mathcal{X}: I^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$, the map

$$y: \operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Sets}^{I^{\text{op}}}}(\operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i), \mathcal{X}(-)) \rightarrow \mathcal{X}(i)$$

defined by $y(f) = f(\operatorname{id}_i)$ is an isomorphism.

(ii) Show that for every functor $\mathcal{X}: I^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$, the canonical map

$$\operatorname{colim}_{I/\mathcal{X}} \operatorname{Hom}_I(-, -) \rightarrow \mathcal{X}(-)$$

is an isomorphism. Here the category I/\mathcal{X} has objects all natural transformations

$$\theta: \operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i) \rightarrow \mathcal{X}(-)$$

and a morphism from $\theta: \operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i) \rightarrow \mathcal{X}(-)$ to $\theta': \operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i') \rightarrow \mathcal{X}(-)$ is a morphism $\alpha: i \rightarrow i'$ in I such that the $\theta' \circ \alpha_* = \theta$. The functor

$$\operatorname{Hom}_I(-, -): I/\mathcal{X} \rightarrow \operatorname{Sets}^{I^{\text{op}}}$$

takes the object $\theta: \operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i) \rightarrow \mathcal{X}(-)$ to $\operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i)$ and takes the morphism $\alpha: i \rightarrow i'$ to the morphism $\alpha_*: \operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i) \rightarrow \operatorname{Hom}_I(-, i')$.