

### 18.727: Problem Set 2

Due: 2/28/01

The purpose of this problem set is to construct the normalization of an integral scheme. We accomplish this in a series of steps.

**1.** Let  $X$  be an irreducible topological space. Show that every non-empty open subset  $U \subset X$  is dense and that  $U$  itself is an irreducible topological space.

**2.** A scheme  $X$  is *integral* if for every open subset  $U \subset X$ , the ring  $\Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_X)$  is an integral domain. Show that a scheme is integral if and only if it is reduced and irreducible.

**3.** Let  $f: X \rightarrow X'$  be a morphism between integral schemes. Show that the following are equivalent:

(i) the image  $f(X) \subset X'$  is dense;

(ii) if  $U \subset X$  and  $U' \subset X'$  are affine open subsets such that  $f(U) \subset U'$ , then the composite ring homomorphism

$$\Gamma(U', \mathcal{O}_{X'}) \rightarrow \Gamma(f^{-1}(U'), \mathcal{O}_{X'}) \rightarrow \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_X)$$

is injective.

Such a map  $f$  is called *dominant*. (*Hint:* to show that (i) implies (ii), show that if  $f$  is in the kernel, then for all  $x' \in U'$ ,  $f(x') = 0$ . Conclude that  $f = 0$ . To show that (ii) implies (i) show that  $f$  maps the generic point of  $U$  to the generic point of  $U'$ .)

**4.** An integral scheme  $X$  is *normal* if for every affine open subset  $U \subset X$ , the ring  $\Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_X)$  is integrally closed (in its quotient field). Let  $X$  be an integral scheme. A dominant morphism  $f: \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$  with  $\tilde{X}$  normal is called a *normalization* of  $X$  if it is universal with this property, i.e. if every dominant morphism  $g: Z \rightarrow X$  with  $Z$  normal factors uniquely through  $f$ .

(i) Suppose that  $X = \text{Spec } R$  is affine, and let  $R \rightarrow \tilde{R}$  be the canonical map from  $R$  to the integral closure of the ring  $R$  in its quotient field. Show that the induced map  $\text{Spec } \tilde{R} \rightarrow \text{Spec } R$  is a normalization.

(ii) Suppose that  $\tilde{X} \rightarrow X$  is a normalization and let  $U \subset X$  be an open subset. Show that the projection  $U \times_X \tilde{X} \rightarrow U$  is a normalization. (*Hint:* Use the universal properties.)

(iii) Show that every integral scheme  $X$  has a normalization  $\tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ . (*Hint:* Let  $\{U_i\}$  be an affine open cover of  $X$ . Use (i) to find a normalization  $\tilde{U}_i \rightarrow U_i$ . Use (ii) to show that the schemes  $\tilde{U}_i$  can be glued together to give  $\tilde{X}$ . Show that the maps  $\tilde{U}_i \rightarrow U_i$  glue to give  $\tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ .)