

THE LATTICE PATH OPERAD AND HOCHSCHILD COCHAINS

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[BATANIN-BERGSON]

IDEA / GOAL: PROVE DERIVATION AND CYCLIC DERIVATION COND
‡

- 62-63': GERSTENHABER SHOWED THAT $HH^*(A; A)$ CAN BE
ENDOWED WITH TWO PRODUCTS: - CUP PRODUCT (COND.)
- LIE BRACKET

→ "GERSTENHABER ALGEBRA" = ALGEBRA WITH THESE TWO
STRUCTURES + RELATIONS

G = ASSOCIATED OPERAD

- 76': [COTTON] $G = H_*(C_2)$

- DERIVATION: CAN WE LIFT THE ACTION OF $H_*(C_2)$ ON
 $HH^*(A; A)$ TO THE CHAIN LEVEL?

- MORE STRUCTURE ON A : SYMM FROBENIUS ALG
⇒ $HH^*(A; A)$ IS A BV-ALG.

[GETZLER]: $BV = H_*(fC_2)$

FRAMED LITTLE DISCS

CYCLIC DERIVATION CONJECTURE: CAN WE LIFT THIS BV-STRUCTURE
TO THE CHAIN LEVEL?

FOR THIS, WE INTRODUCE $\cdot L$ = LATTICE PATH OPERAD

$\cdot L^c$ = CYCLIC ^{LATTICE} PATH OPERAD

(DON'T ACTUALLY DO THIS)

- ① COMPENSATION OF A COLOURED OPERAD : COLOURED OPERAD \rightarrow OPERAD
- ② LATTICE PATH OPERAD
- ③ CONDENSATION OF THE LATTICE PATH OPERAD

① CONDENSATION :

SETTING : CATEGORY $\mathcal{E} = (\mathcal{E}, \otimes_{\mathcal{E}}, \mathbb{1}_{\mathcal{E}}, \tau_{\mathcal{E}})$
 CLOSED SYMM. MONOIDAL \uparrow UNIT \uparrow SYMM.

EX: $\mathcal{E} = \text{Top}$, $\text{Sets}^{\Delta^{\text{op}}}$, $\text{ch}(\mathbb{Z})$

FOR MOST OF THE TALK, WE ASSUME \mathcal{E} HAS A MODEL STRUCTURE

DEF: \mathcal{C} IS AN \mathcal{E} -CATEGORY IF $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y)$ ARE OBJECTS OF $\mathcal{E} \forall X, Y \in \mathcal{C}$.

FOR SUCH \mathcal{C} , DEFINE $\mathcal{C}^{\otimes k}$ TO BE THE \mathcal{E} -CATEGORY WITH OBJECTS $\text{Obj}(\mathcal{C}^{\otimes k}) = (x_i)_{1 \leq i \leq k}$

MORPHISMS $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}^{\otimes k}}((x_i), (y_i)) = \bigotimes_{i=1}^k \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(x_i, y_i)$

DEF: A FUNCTOR-OPERAD \mathfrak{J} ON AN \mathcal{E} -CATEGORY \mathcal{C} IS

A SEQUENCE OF FUNCTORS: $\mathfrak{J}_k: \mathcal{C}^{\otimes k} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ etc.

ENDOWED WITH $\mu_{i_1, \dots, i_k}: \mathfrak{J}_k \circ (\mathfrak{J}_{i_1} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathfrak{J}_{i_k}) \rightarrow \mathfrak{J}_{i_1 + \dots + i_k}$

NAT. TRANSFORMATION S.T.

• \mathfrak{J}_k "TWISTED SYMMETRIC": FOR $\mathfrak{J}_k^{\sigma}(x_1, \dots, x_k) := \mathfrak{J}_k(x_{\sigma(1)}, \dots, x_{\sigma(k)})$

\exists NAT. TRANSF. $\mathfrak{J}_k \rightarrow \mathfrak{J}_k^{\sigma}$ S.T. --

• $\mathfrak{J}_1 = \text{id}$, • ASSOCIATIVITY, • COMPATIBILITY WITH ACTION OF Σ_k .

DEF: $X \in \text{Obj } \mathcal{C}$ IS AN ALGEBRA OVER \mathbb{Z} IF

\mathbb{Z} MAPS $\alpha_{\mathbb{Z}}: \mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X, \dots, X) \rightarrow X$ COMPATIBLE WITH EVERYTHING ...

EX: $\mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X_1, \dots, X_n) := X_1 \otimes \dots \otimes X_n$ [PASCAL'S TALK YESTERDAY]

~~THIS~~ \searrow SOME TENSOR PRODUCT IN

PROPOSITION: $(*)$ $X, Y \in \text{Obj } \mathcal{C}$, \mathbb{Z} A FUNCTOR OPERAD.

ASSUME Y IS A \mathbb{Z} -ALGEBRA. THEN $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y)$ IS AN ALGEBRA OVER $\text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)$ WHERE

$$\text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)(\mathbb{Z}) := \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, \mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X, \dots, X)) \text{ OPERAD IN } \mathcal{C}$$

(THIS IS THE USUAL COENDOMORPHISM OPERAD IF \mathcal{C} HAS A MONOIDAL STRUCTURE AND WE DEFINE \mathbb{Z} AS IN THE EXAMPLE ABOVE.)

PROOF: \bullet $\text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)(i) \otimes \text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)(j) \otimes \dots \otimes \text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)(i_n)$
 $\rightarrow \text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)(i_1 + \dots + i_n)$

TAKE (f_1, g_1, \dots, g_n) TO

$$X \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X, \dots, X) \xrightarrow{\mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{Z}}(g_1, \dots, g_n)} \mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{Z}}(\mathbb{Z}_{i_1}(X, \dots), \dots, \mathbb{Z}_{i_n}(X, \dots, X))$$

$\downarrow \mu_{i_1, \dots, i_n}$

$$\mathbb{Z}_{i_1 + \dots + i_n}(X, \dots, X)$$

\bullet REPLACE $\text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)(i_j)$ BY $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y)$ ($i_j = 1 \neq j$)

ABOVE \leadsto GET ACTION OF $\text{Coend}_{\mathbb{Z}}(X)$ ON $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y)$ — USING THE \mathbb{Z} -ALG. STRUCTURE OF Y .

COLOURED OPERAD

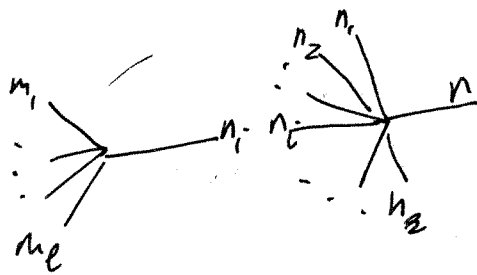
$N = \text{SET OF "COLOURS" IN } \mathcal{E}$

DEF: \mathcal{O} IS AN N -COLOURED OPERAD \checkmark IF
 OF OBJECTS OF \mathcal{E}
 AND COMPOSITION

$$\mathcal{O} = \{ \mathcal{O}(n_1, \dots, n_k; n) \}_{\substack{n_i, n \in N \\ k \in \mathbb{N}}}$$

MAPS $\mathcal{O}(n_1, \dots, n_k; n) \otimes \mathcal{O}(m_1, \dots, m_\ell; n_i) \xrightarrow{o_i}$

$$\mathcal{O}(n_1, \dots, n_{i-1}, m_1, \dots, m_\ell, n_{i+1}, \dots, n_k; n)$$



UNIT FOR EACH COLOUR: $I \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(n, n)$.

NOTE: IF $|N|=1$, \mathcal{O} IS JUST A USUAL OPERAD — NON-SYMM.

DEF: UNDERLYING CATEGORY ASSOCIATED TO \mathcal{O} :

CATEGORY \mathcal{O}_u WITH $\text{Obj}(\mathcal{O}_u) = \text{SET OF COLOURS}$

$$\text{Mor}_{\mathcal{O}_u}(n, m) = \mathcal{O}(n; m) = \text{UNARY OPERATIONS.}$$

WE CAN DEFINE A FUNCTOR

$$\mathcal{O}(-, \dots, -; -): \mathcal{O}_u^{\text{op}} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathcal{O}_u^{\text{op}} \otimes \mathcal{O}_u \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$$

$$(n_1, \dots, n_k; n) \longmapsto \mathcal{O}(n_1, \dots, n_k; n)$$

LET $\mathcal{E}^{\mathcal{O}_u}$ BE THE \mathcal{E} -CATEGORY OF FUNCTORS $\mathcal{O}_u \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$

AND \mathcal{E} -NATURAL TRANSFORMATIONS.

(ALGEBRA OVER A COLOURED OPERAD IS ONE OBJECT PER COLOUR AND STRUCTURE MAPS AS USUAL.)

DEFINE $\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})_{\ell} : \mathcal{E}^{\mathcal{O}_u} \otimes \dots \otimes \mathcal{E}^{\mathcal{O}_u} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}^{\mathcal{O}_u}$ (

BY $\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})_{\ell}(X_1, \dots, X_{\ell})(n) = \mathcal{O}(-, \dots, -; n) \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_u \otimes \dots \otimes \mathcal{O}_u} X_1(-) \otimes \dots \otimes X_{\ell}(-)$ (COEND)

$$= \coprod_{n_1, \dots, n_{\ell}} \mathcal{O}(n_1, \dots, n_{\ell}; n) \otimes X_1(n_1) \otimes \dots \otimes X_{\ell}(n_{\ell})$$

$\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})$ IS A FUNCTOR OPERAD IN $\mathcal{E}^{\mathcal{O}_u}$.

EXAMPLE: \mathcal{O} OPERAD $\rightarrow \mathcal{O}_u$ HAS ONE OBJECT AND MORPH = 1
 \rightarrow AN OBJECT OF $\mathcal{E}^{\mathcal{O}_u}$ IS AN $\mathcal{O}(G)$ -MODULE.

(SUPPOSE $\mathcal{E} = \text{Mod}_k$).

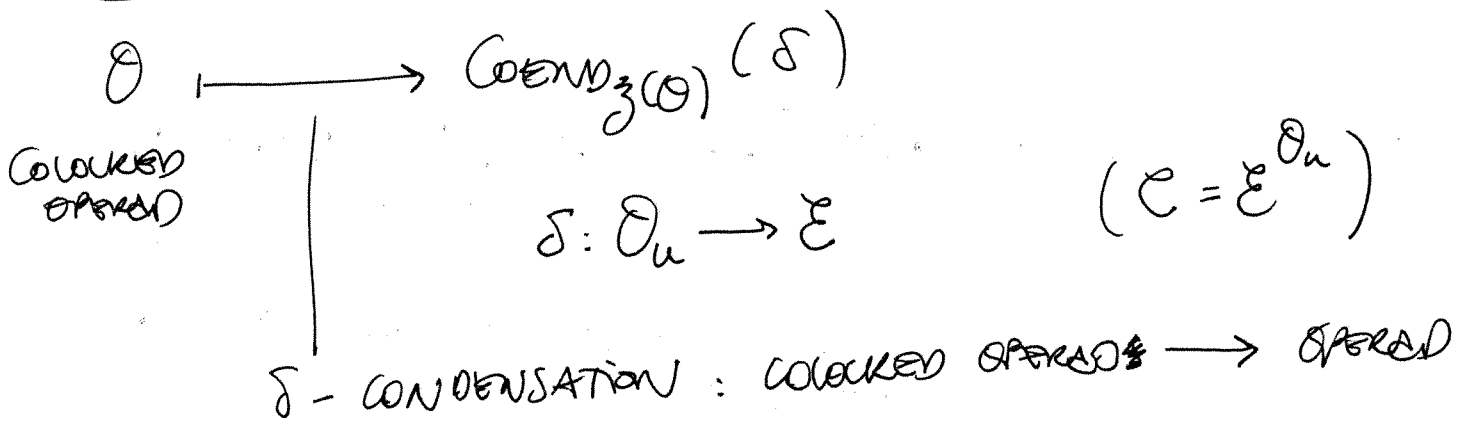
$$\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})_{\ell}(M_1, \dots, M_{\ell}) = \mathcal{O}(k) \otimes_{\mathcal{O}(G) \otimes \dots \otimes \mathcal{O}(G)} M_1 \otimes \dots \otimes M_{\ell}$$

PROP: $\{\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})_{\ell}\}_{\ell \geq 0}$ GIVES A FUNCTOR OPERAD AND THE CATEGORY OF \mathcal{O} -ALG IS ISOMORPHIC TO THE CATEGORY OF $\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})$ -ALGEBRAS.

PF: X \mathcal{O} -ALG. : $\{X(n)\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ + MAPS $\mathcal{O}(n_1, \dots, n_{\ell}; n) \otimes X(n_1) \otimes \dots \otimes X(n_{\ell}) \rightarrow X(n)$

we defined a map $\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})_{\ell}(X(n_1), \dots, X(n_{\ell}))(n) \rightarrow X(n)$.

CONDENSATION AND TOTALISATION



$\text{Tot}_{\delta}: \text{Alg}_{\mathcal{O}} \rightarrow \text{Alg}_{\text{COEND}_{\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})}(\delta)}$
 $A \mapsto \text{Tot}_{\delta}(A) = \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{E}^{\mathcal{O}_u}}(\delta, A)$
 A CAN BE SEEN AS A FUNCTOR $\mathcal{O}_u \rightarrow \mathcal{E} : n \mapsto A(n)$
 $\text{Tot}_{\delta}(A)$ IS A $\text{COEND}_{\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{O})}(\delta)$ -ALGEBRA BY PROPOSITION (*).

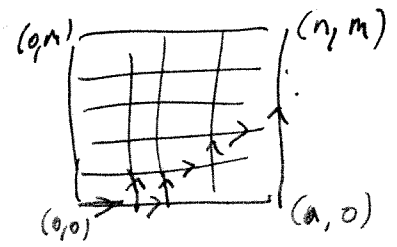
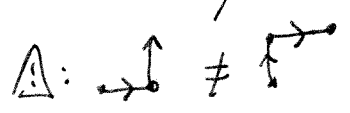
EX: $\mathcal{E} = \text{Top}$, $\delta = \Delta^{\circ}: \Delta \rightarrow \text{Top}$
 will construct \mathcal{O} s.t. $\text{Tot}_{\delta}(A) = \text{Tot}(A)$
 $\mathcal{O}^u = \Delta$

② THE LATTICE PATH OPERAD

(COLOURED OPERAD)

$[n] = \text{CATEGORY}$ GENERATED BY $(0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow n) = \ell_n$

$[n] \otimes [m] = \text{CAT.}$ FREELY GENERATED BY THE GRID $\ell_n \times \ell_m$



$\text{Cat}_{*,*} =$ A BIPONDED SMALL CATEGORY AND FUNCTORS
 CATEGORY OF PRESERVING THE DISTINGUISHED POINT

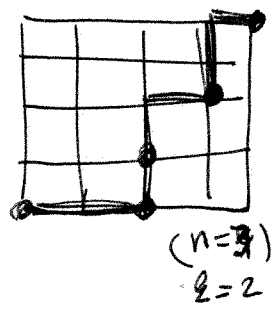
MONOIDAL CATEGORY: $(A, (a_0, a_1)) \otimes (B, (b_0, b_1))$

UNDER " $(A \otimes B, (a_0 \otimes b_0, a_1 \otimes b_1))$

EX: $[n]$ IS BIPONDED BY $(0, n)$.

DEF: THE LATTICE PATH OPERAD \mathcal{L} IS AN N -COLORED OPERAD IN SETS WITH

$$\mathcal{L}(n_1, \dots, n_\ell; n) := \text{Hom}_{\text{Cat}_{*,*}}([n+1], [n_1+1] \otimes \dots \otimes [n_\ell+1])$$



n POINTS MARKED ON THE PATH (+ END POINTS)
 n -STEPS PATHS IN THE GRID $[n_1] \times \dots \times [n_\ell]$ FROM $(0, \dots, 0)$ TO (n_1, \dots, n_ℓ) .

A PATH DEFINED AND IS DEFINED BY A SEQUENCE OF INTEGERS $(a_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n_1 + \dots + n_\ell + \ell}$ WHICH CONTAINS $n_1 + 1$ TIMES n_1 , $n_2 + 1$ TIMES n_2 , ... SUBDIVIDED IN $n+1$ SUBSTRINGS

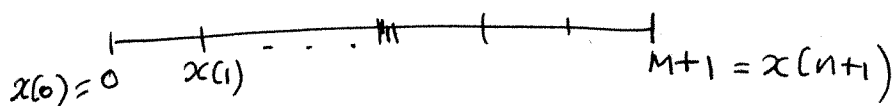
EX: $11 | 221 | 221$

EXAMPLE OF COMPOSITION: $11 | 42 | 3 | 2 \quad 0 \quad 3 | 12$
 $\mathcal{L}(1, 1, 0; 4) \quad \mathcal{L}(0, 0, 0; 1)$

(SUBSTITUTION + RELABELLING) = $11 | 14 | 5 | 23 \in \mathcal{L}(1, 0, 0, 0, 0; 4)$

$$\mathcal{L}(0, \dots, 0; 0) \cong \Sigma_k \quad \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{L} \longrightarrow \Sigma$$

JOYAL-QUANTITY: $\text{Cat}_{*,*}([n+1], [m+1]) \cong \text{Cat}([m], [n])$



\Downarrow
 $11|1 \dots 11|1$ WITH $m+1$ 1'S AND n BARS.

$$\rightsquigarrow \varphi: \begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow 0 \\ 1 \rightarrow 0 \\ 2 \rightarrow 0 \\ 3 \rightarrow 1 \\ \vdots \\ m+1 \rightarrow n \end{array}$$

LEMMA: $\mathcal{L}(m, n) = \text{Cat}_{*,*}([n+1], [m+1]) \cong \text{Cat}([m], [n])$
 $\cong \Delta([m], [n])$

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{L}_u = \Delta$$

FILTRATION ON \mathcal{L} BY COMPLEXITY AS BEFORE.

$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{L}_m$ SUBOPERAD OF COMPLEXITY $\leq m$.

$\mathcal{L}_0 = \text{~~the~~ } (\mathcal{L}_u) = \text{~~the~~ } \Delta$ (NO CHANGE OF DIRECTION)
 (COLOURED OPERAD CONCENTRATED IN ARITY 1)

$$(\mathcal{L}_m)_u = \mathcal{L}_u \quad \forall m$$

THM: For $\mathcal{E} = \text{Top} \Leftrightarrow \text{Sets}$, $\mathfrak{Z}(\mathcal{L}_m) \cong \square^m$
 \uparrow
 FROM PASCAL'S TALK.

PROP^(**): \mathcal{E} CO COMPLETE, CLOSED SYMM. MONOIDAL CAT
 THEN THE CATEGORY OF \mathcal{L}_2 -ALG. IN \mathcal{E} IS ISOMORPHIC
 TO THE CATEGORY OF MULTIPLICATIVE NON- Σ OPERAD
 IN \mathcal{E} .

(\mathcal{L}_1 -ALGEBRAS RELATE TO \square -MONOIDS IN PASCAL'S TALK)

THERE IS A MAP $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{K} (\rightarrow \Sigma)$
 \uparrow
 COMPLETE GRAPH OPERAD
 RESPECTING THE FILTRATION

THM: $\delta =$ "STANDARD SYSTEM OF SIMPLICES"
 $\delta: \Delta \cong \mathcal{L}_u \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ ($\mathcal{E} = \text{Top}, \dots$)

IN A MONOIDAL MODEL CATEGORY \mathcal{E} , ASSUME THAT
 \mathcal{L} IS " δ -REDUCTIBLE" (OK IN THE CASES OF INTEREST--)
 THEN δ -CONDENSATION OF \mathcal{L}_m , $\text{Coend}_{\mathfrak{Z}(\mathcal{L}_m)}^{(\delta)}$,
 IS AN \mathcal{E}_m -OPERAD IN \mathcal{E} . (WHEN THIS IS A WELL-DEFINED NOTION IN $\mathcal{E} \dots$)

APPLICATION: $CH^*(A, A) = \text{End}_A(n)$

A ASSOCIATIVE $\Rightarrow \text{End}_A$ IS A MULTI. OPERAD

$\Rightarrow \text{End}_A$ IS AN L_2 -ALG
PROPOSITION (**)

$\Rightarrow \text{Tot}_{\sigma_2}(\text{End}_A)$ IS A $\text{Coend}_{\mathcal{J}(L_2)}(\sigma_2)$ -ALG
 \uparrow
 E_2 -OPERAD

$\oplus CH^*(A, A)$

+ RECOVER YESTERDAY'S THEOREMS WITH $\mathcal{E} = \text{Top}$.

+ CYCLIC VERSION —

+ GENERALIZED BRIGGS' CONJECTURE $E_m \rightsquigarrow E_{m+1}$?